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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/629,207	07/29/2003	Johathan Lee	13935US02 5674	
	7590 12/28/200 S HELD & MALLOY,	EXAMINER		
500 WEST MADISON STREET			RAHMAN, FAHMIDA	
SUITE 3400 CHICAGO, IL 60661		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2116	
	•		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/28/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		mN				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/629,207	LEE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Fahmida Rahman	2116				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 Oc	ctober 2007.					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E						
Disposition of Claims						
4)  Claim(s) 27-31 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 27-31 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
	10) $\boxtimes$ The drawing(s) filed on <u>29 July 2003</u> is/are: a) $\boxtimes$ accepted or b) $\square$ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Expression 11.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)	A) [ ] (-t	(DTO 442)				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

1. This action is in response to communications filed on 10/31/2007.

2. Claims 1-26 have been cancelled and no claims have been added or amended.

Thus, claims 27-31 have been pending.

Claim Objections

The numbering of claims is not in accordance with 37 CFR 1.126 which requires the

original numbering of the claims to be preserved throughout the prosecution. When

claims are canceled, the remaining claims must not be renumbered. When new claims

are presented, they must be numbered consecutively beginning with the number next

following the highest numbered claims previously presented (whether entered or not).

Claims 27 and 28 labeled with status identifier "new". However, these claim numbers

were originally presented in 7/29/03. The response filed on 4/28/2006 showed claim 27

as "amended" and claim 28 as "original". Response filed on 1/11/2007 did not show

claims 27 and 28. Therefore, Examiner assumed that these claims were cancelled.

However, response filed on 7/5/2007 shows the status identifiers as "new" for claims 27

and 28.

It is assumed that claims 27 and 28 are canceled by the applicant and the misnumbered

claims 27-31 filed on 7/5/2007 and 10/31/2007 should be renumbered with claims 29-

33. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 27-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shoobridge (US Patent 6633769), in view of Mills (US Patent 6795450).

For claim 27, Shoobridge teaches the following limitations:

A method for optimizing power consumption in a communication system
(abstract) comprising: detecting an amount of traffic (lines 33-47 of column 5
mention that if communication is absent for a predetermined time. Thus, amount of
traffic, which may be zero or non-zero, is detected), a link ([0008] mentions that
communications between two devices is established through connection, or link. Thus,
link is detected first before any communication), battery usage (lines 32-47 of column
5) and a power state of the communication system ("normal mode" and "enhanced
mode" as mentioned in lines 65-67 of column 2); and selecting at least one power
management from a plurality of power management states state (sleep/suspend
440, hot/wake-up 460 mentioned in lines 24-40 of column 8; wake-up can further be
classified as: wake-up with deinsertion/insertion event, wake-up without
deinsertion/insertion event, communication session between two devices is another
power management state) based at least in part on said detection of the amount of

traffic ("sleep mode" is selected when traffic is zero as mentioned in lines 40-47 of column 5), the detection of the battery usage ("sleep" when battery module fail as mentioned in [0028]) and the detection of the power state (the "hot mode" or wake-up of normal mode is different from that of enhanced mode. [0035] mentions that enhanced mode does not create some de-insertion/insertion events on a resume of a device, which is performed in normal mode. Therefore, the type of wake-up depends on whether the device is in normal mode or enhanced mode)

Shoobridge does not explicitly mention about absence of AC power. The hand held portable device is powered by battery (lines 33-47 of column 5). However, there is no mention about the absence of AC power in mobile although it is mentioned that the mobile device can roam from cell to cell (lines 54-65 of column 1).

Examiner takes an official notice that mobile device roaming from cell to cell is typically driven by battery with an absence of AC power.

It would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the mobile without AC power, since powering a portable device by battery with absence of AC power provides ease of use and simplicity in design. In such a case, detection of battery usage is same as the detection of battery usage with an absence of power.

Shoobridge does not explicitly mention that selection of power management state can be based on detection of link. Mills teaches a system where a power management state is selected based on the detection of link (Figure 3 shows that 300 is selected if link is not detected and lines 30-35 of column 8 mention that partner will reset if link is not detected).

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It would have been obvious for one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Shoobridge and Mills. One ordinary skill would be motivated to have a power management state based on detection of link, since absence of link may require special power management scheme, such as reset.

For claim 28, low power mode in Shoobridge is selected when there is no traffic.

For claims 29, 30, 31, Mills teaches detecting intensity, or amount of traffic (lines 60-67 of column 9). The network can detect full high-bandwidth communication and limited communication. There is a threshold for comparison to figure out what amount of communication is high-bandwidth communication. The amount of traffic is approximated to at least full bandwidth communication and limited communication. For limited communication, power is scaled down.

## **Response to Arguments**

Applicant's arguments filed on 10/31/2007 have been considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Shoobridge does not teach selecting at least one power management state based at least in part on the detection of battery usage with an absence of AC power.

Applicant agrees that portable device is typically driven with battery with an absence of AC power. If that is true, "detection of battery usage" in Shoobridge is "detection of battery usage with an absence of AC power" as we agreed on that battery driven mobile without AC power is well known in the art. Any detection of battery usage on a battery driven mobile with AC power is basically detection of battery usage with an absence of AC power. As the selection is based on detection and detection is performed with an absence of AC power, the limitation "selecting at least one power management state from a plurality of power management states based at least in part on the detection of battery usage with an absence of AC power" is within the scope of Shoobridge.

## Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Fahmida Rahman whose telephone number is 571-272-8159. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30 - 5:30. If

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attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rehana Perveen can be reached on 571-272-3676. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Fahmida Rahman Examiner Art Unit 2116

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